

Listening to Families

Client Opinion of Needs

Below are the top eight needs of families, as identified by clients themselves. The percentages are based on the number of families who stated they had social services needs, and identified the particular need from the categories listed in the chart below.



Indiana		Hoosier Uplands	
Emergency rent, utilities, shelter	57%	Emergency rent, utilities, shelter	24%
Food or nutrition	35%	Other	23%
Know more of what's available	30%	Food or Nutrition	23%
Health-related or medical	29%	Health-related or medical	22%
Transportation	26%	Housing situation improvement	18%
Other	25%	Know more of what's available	18%
Housing situation improvement	24%	Employment services	11%
Education	21%	Transportation	11%

Source: 2007 Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) Data



Economic Impact

Fighting poverty is not just altruistic; it is a key economic development strategy. Based on client survey data, if we could move each of the families served by Hoosier Uplands to at least 100% of the FPG, it would generate an additional \$21,202,463 per year in income. This money would then be spent in the community, further stimulating the local economy.



The Promise of Community Action

Community Action changes people's lives, embodies the spirit of hope, improves communities, and makes America a better place to live. We care about the entire community, and we are dedicated to helping people help themselves and each other.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Indiana Community Action Association would like to recognize and thank groups and individuals for their support and participation with the Community Needs Assessments:

- Each of Indiana's 24 Community Actions Agencies, without their participation and resources, success on this project could not be achieved;
- The Indiana Housing and Community Development Authority, who funded these Community Needs Assessments in whole or in part with CSBG-D funds;
- The Indiana Community Action Association's Board of Directors Program Committee, who have provided valuable feedback and support on this project; and
- Special thanks are extended to Steve Hoffman with the Community Action of Northeast Indiana and Lora Olive with the Indiana Community Action Association, for their dedication to making these Community Needs Assessments a success.

For questions or to see the full Community Needs Assessment Report, please contact Hoosier Uplands:

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The Community Needs Assessments are funded in part by The Indiana Housing and Community Development Authority with CSBG-D funds.

For more information about IHEDA please visit www.in.gov/iheda/.

Community Action Agencies



laying the
groundwork
 for our
communities
 2008 Community Needs Assessment



2008 Community Needs Assessment

Hoosier Uplands Economic Development Corporation (Hoosier Uplands)

In order to better serve the low-income residents of the region, it is important that we maintain an up-to-date picture of who they are and what they need. To do this, the Hoosier Uplands Economic Development Corporation (Hoosier Uplands) board and staff participated in a statewide study which was conducted by the Indiana Community Action Network.

The research was conducted in two parts:

- Background research was conducted using secondary data available from federal, state, and local resources.
- A client survey was designed and administered directly to Hoosiers who use Hoosier Uplands services.

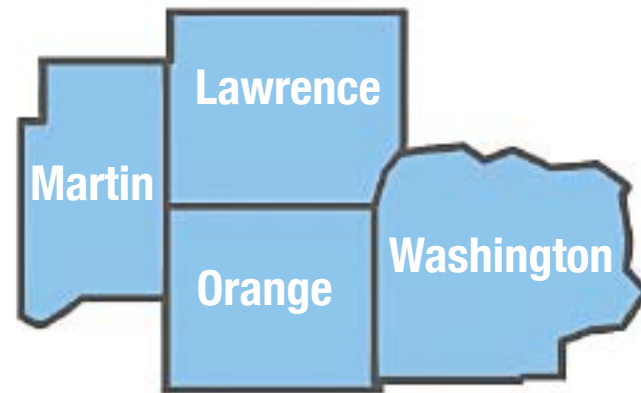
In 2007, Hoosier Uplands served 29,256 low-income Hoosiers.

Of those served...

- 98%** were Caucasian
- 80%** lived in rental housing
- 48%** of heads of households were working
- 44%** were children
- 20%** were single-parent female headed households
- 5%** were 70 years old or older
- 4%** had two or more years of post-secondary education
- 3%** were Hispanic/Latino

Hoosier Uplands Service Area

Indiana's South Central Region



The findings are helpful to the Hoosier Uplands board and staff who want to better understand Hoosier Uplands clients and their needs. Hoosier Uplands is using the findings to plan new strategies and services designed to help reduce poverty.

Hoosier Uplands is eager to share its findings with others who wish to serve low-income families in South Central Indiana.

The client survey respondents are a valid and reliable sample of the low-income population. This makes it possible for any community group to factor in these results when considering service for community programs and projects.

Overcoming Poverty and Income Barriers

Service Area Poverty

According to U.S. Census Bureau, in 2007, 14% of the Hoosier Uplands service area population, or 14,245 people, lived below the Federal Poverty Guidelines (FPG). These numbers have increased from 10%, or 10,771 people, in 2000. In 2007, the FPG for a family of four was \$20,650 a year.

Self-Sufficiency Standard

Studies have shown that it actually takes about twice the FPG for a family to actually be economically self-sufficient. According to the 2005 Indiana Self-Sufficiency Standard, a family of four (two adults, one infant, and one preschooler) in Lawrence County would need to make \$2,851 monthly or \$34,207 annually to reach economic self-sufficiency. For this same family type in the remainder of Hoosier Uplands service area, it would take the following for this family to meet economic self-sufficiency:

Martin County
\$2,695 monthly or \$32,344 annually
Orange County
\$2,511 monthly or \$30,131 annually
Washington County
\$2,710 monthly or \$32,520 annually

Thirty-one percent, or 31,294, of the Hoosier Uplands service area population lived below 200% FPG in 2007.

	2007 Poverty Rate	# All Persons & Ages in Poverty, 2007	2000 Poverty Rate	# All Persons & Ages in Poverty, 2000
Lawrence	14%	6,257	10%	4,432
Martin	12%	1,218	11%	1,149
Orange	14%	2,721	12%	2,345
Washington	15%	4,049	11%	2,845
Indiana	12%	755,245	10%	559,484

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Children in Poverty

In 2007, Indiana's child poverty rate was 17%. All counties served by Hoosier Uplands, with the exception of Martin County, were above the statewide average. The child poverty rates for the counties served by Hoosier Uplands are as follows:

Lawrence County 18%
Martin County 17%
Orange County 22%
Washington County 20%

It is estimated that 4,565 children (under the age of 18) in the Hoosier Uplands service area were living in poverty in 2007.

Working Poor

Thirty-eight percent of client survey households with adults under 65 years old had at least one adult working, compared to 48% for the state as a whole.

Single-Parent Female Headed Households in Poverty

Fifty-four of female client survey respondents under 40 years old, who had incomes below 100% of FPG, were single-parents.

Employment and Education

Unemployment Rates

In 2007, the unemployment rate in the Hoosier Uplands service area was 6%, making it higher than the statewide unemployment rate of 5%. This is an increase of 2% from 2000 for this service area.

Unemployment Rates		
Counties	2007	2000
Lawrence	6%	4%
Martin	4%	3%
Orange	5%	4%
Washington	5%	4%
Indiana	5%	3%

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Other Barriers

Renting vs Homeownership

In 2007, 58 percent of statewide client survey respondents lived in rental units compared to 28 percent of Indiana residents who lived in rental units statewide. Whereas 33 percent of statewide client survey respondents owned their home. This is compared to a statewide homeownership rate of 72 percent in 2007.

Homelessness

Two percent of client survey respondents have been homeless in the last 12 months. When projecting that out to the entire Hoosier Uplands service area population, it means 102 families have been homeless in the last 12 months.

Transportation

Twenty-eight percent of Hoosier Uplands client survey respondents did not have a car in working order. Of those who do not have a car, 50% consider this to be a barrier or problem, and 34% feel they could acquire better employment if they had a car in working order.

Education Level and Income

Post-secondary education is becoming increasingly important to the earning potential of families. For client survey respondents 25 years old and older, without any post-secondary education, the average monthly income was \$992. Client respondents, 25 years old and older, with a four-year post-secondary degree, had an average monthly income of \$1,434.

Full Time vs Part Time Employment

A key indicator of yearly household income is number of hours worked (increased hours worked having a far greater impact on overall income than an increase in hourly wage). Of those client survey respondents who were employed, nearly half (48%) worked less than 36 hours per week. When accounting for spouses, 42% worked less than 36 hours per week. These figures were below the statewide averages, which were 63% and 55% respectively.

Child Support

For single-parent families, child support is a crucial income source to help these families meet their basic needs. Twenty percent of client survey respondents were eligible to receive child support, but only half of those families (51%) actually received their support regularly over the last year.

Health Insurance

Sixty-seven percent of client survey respondents who were employed, did not have private health insurance, indicating that the majority work in jobs with little to no health insurance benefits. Fifteen percent of survey respondents stated that neither they as individuals nor their family had private or public health insurance.